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 Patent and Trademark Office: U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

NEW UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL <i>(only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))</i>	Attorney Docket Number	4443
	First Named Inventor	Hirohide Sugahara
	Total Pages in this Submission	50
	Express Mail Label No.	EL482477926US

cel 2 U.S. PTO
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APPLICATION ELEMENTS 1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fee Transmittal Form (in duplicate) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Check Enclosed 2. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specification <i>(preferred arrangement set forth below)</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Descriptive Title of the Invention <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cross Reference(s) to Related Case(s) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Background of the Invention <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Brief Summary of the Invention <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Brief Description of the Drawing(s) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Detailed Description <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Claim or Claims <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Abstract of the Disclosure 3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s) <i>(when necessary per 35 USC 113)</i> 4. Oath or Declaration a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New Declaration <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Executed b. <input type="checkbox"/> Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) <i>(for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)</i> i. <input type="checkbox"/> DELETION OF INVENTOR(S) Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 CFR 1.63(c)(2) and 1.33(b). 5. <input type="checkbox"/> Incorporation by Reference <i>(useable if Box 4b is checked)</i> . The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein.	ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS 6. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Assignment & Assignment Recordation Cover Sheet 7. <input type="checkbox"/> Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) <i>(if foreign priority is claimed)</i> 8. <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement & PTO-1449 <input type="checkbox"/> Copies of IDS Citation(s) 9. <input type="checkbox"/> Preliminary Amendment 10. Small Entity Statement <input type="checkbox"/> New Statement enclosed <input type="checkbox"/> Statement filed in prior application. Status still proper and desired 11. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Return Postcard 12. <input type="checkbox"/> _____ 13. <input type="checkbox"/> _____ 14. <input type="checkbox"/> _____ 15. <input type="checkbox"/> _____ 16. <input type="checkbox"/> _____ ADDRESS TO: Box Patent Application Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231
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17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information below and in a preliminary amendment:

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No: _____

Prior application information: Examiner: _____ Group/Art Unit: _____

18. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS					
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Rev. 10/95 Patent and Trademark Office

FEE TRANSMITTAL

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAYMENT

Subtotal (1) + Subtotal (2) + Subtotal (3) = (\$1,666.00)

Complete If Known

Application Number	
Filing Date	August 31, 2000
First Named Inventor	Hirohide Sugahara
Group Art Unit	
Examiner Name	
Attorney Docket Number	4443

METHOD OF PAYMENT

1. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to:

- ☐ Charge the indicated fees to the below mentioned deposit account.
- ☒ Charge any additional fee required under 37 CFR 1.16 - 1.21 or credit any over payments to the below mentioned deposit account. *
- ☐ Charge the Issue Fee set in 37 CFR 1.18 at the Mailing of the Notice of Allowance, 37 CFR 1.311(b) to the below mentioned deposit account.

Deposit Account Number: 19-2555

Deposit Account Name: FENWICK & WEST LLP

☒ Duplicate Copy of this authorization is attached

2. ☒ Payment Enclosed:

☒ Check ☐ Other

FEE CALCULATION (fees effective 11/12/96)

FILING FEE

Large Entity Fee Code/Fee	Small Entity Fee Code/Fee	Description	Fee Due
101/\$690	201/\$345	Utility Filing	690
106/\$310	206/\$155	Design Filing	
108/\$690	208/\$345	Reissue	
114/\$150	214/\$75	Provisional Filing	

SUBTOTAL (1) (\$690)

2. CLAIMS

Large Entity Fee Code/Fee	Small Entity Fee Code/Fee	Description	Fee Due
103/\$18	203/\$9	Claims in excess of 20	
102/\$78	202/\$39	Independent claims in excess of 3	
104/\$260	204/\$130	Multiple dependent claim	
109/\$78	209/\$39	Reissue independent claims over original patent	
110/\$18	210/\$9	Reissue claims in excess of 20 and over original patent	

3. ADDITIONAL FEES

Large Entity Fee Code/Fee	Small Entity Fee Code/Fee	Fee Description	Fee Due
105/\$130	205/\$65	Surcharge - late filing fee or oath	
127/\$50	227/\$25	Surcharge-late provisional filing fee or cover sheet	
147/\$2,520	147/\$2,520	For filing a request for reexamination	
115/\$110	215/\$55	Extension of response within first month*	
116/\$380	216/\$190	Extension of response within second month*	
117/\$870	217/\$435	Extension of response within third month*	
118/\$1,360	218/\$680	Extension of response within fourth month*	
126/\$1,850	226/\$925	Extension of response within fifth month*	
119/\$300	219/\$150	Notice of Appeal	
141/\$1,210	241/\$605	Petition to revive unintentionally abandoned application	
142/\$1,210	242/\$605	Utility Issue Fee (Or Reissue)	
143/\$430	243/\$215	Design Issue Fee	
122/\$130	122/\$130	Petitions to the Commissioner	
123/\$50	123/\$50	Petitions related to provisional applications	
128/\$240	128/\$240	Submission of Information Disclosure Statement	
581/\$40	581/\$40	Recording each patent assignment per property (times number of properties)	40
146/\$690	246/\$345	Filing a submission after final rejection (37 CFR 1.129(a))	
149/\$690	249/\$345	For each additional invention to be examined (37 CFR 1.129(b))	
Other fee (specify):			
Other fee (specify):			
SUBTOTAL (3)			\$40

(Col. 1)		(Col. 2)		(Col. 3)		Fee Due	
For	No. of Existing Claims	Highest No. Previously Paid For		Extra**	Fee		
TOTAL	15	20 or 0	=	0	x 18	=	0
INDEP	15	3 or 0	=	12	x 78	=	936
[] First presentation of multiple dependent claim							

* Subtract the greater number of Col. 2

** If the difference between Col. 1 and Col. 2 is less than zero, then enter "0" in Col. 3

SUBTOTAL (2) (\$936)

SUBMITTED BY

Typed or Printed Name Albert C. Smith

Signature

A.C. Smith

Complete (if applicable)

Reg. Number 20,355

Date

8/31/2000

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR AVOIDING
STARVATION IN COMPUTER NETWORK

5 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a method and apparatus for avoiding starvation in a computer network.

2. Description of the Related Art

10 Generally, in a computer network, at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from the target node are connected to the network.

15 In such a computer network, a situation can occur where a service request sent from a particular initiator node is continually rejected at the target node and will not be accepted. This situation is known as starvation.

20 A variety of methods are practiced to avoid such starvation but, in any method, an area of a certain number of bits, as a field for carrying information for avoiding starvation, must be provided in a packet transferred between a target node and an initiator node. This results in an increase in communication traffic.

25 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention has been devised in view of the above problem, and an object of the invention is to provide a method and apparatus for avoiding starvation in a computer network, capable of minimizing the number of bits of the field that must be provided, within a packet, to avoid starvation.

30 To achieve the above object, according to the present invention, there is provided a method for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from the target node, the method

comprising: an operation whereby, when a request is received from the initiator node during a period that the target node is unable to provide service, a reject reply is returned by attaching thereto reject time information that matches the period; an operation whereby, when the target node is in a state capable of providing service, a retry request carrying older reject time information is preferentially accepted; and an operation whereby, when the target node is in the state capable of providing service, a reject reply is returned by attaching thereto new reject time information in response to any first request received before retry requests arising from previously rejected requests are all accepted.

According to the present invention, there is also provided a method for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from the target node, the method comprising: (a) an operation whereby, when a first request is received at the target node when the target node is in a state capable of providing service, the first request is accepted; (b) an operation whereby, when a first request is received at the target node after the target node has moved to a state incapable of providing service, a reject reply is returned in response to the first request by attaching thereto reject time information consisting of at least one bit; (c) an operation whereby, when a retry request is received at the target node after the target node is restored to the state capable of providing service, the retry request is accepted depending on the reject time information attached to the retry request; and (d) an operation whereby, at the target node staying in the state capable of providing service, when a retry request is received, the retry request is processed in the same manner as in the operation (c), while when a first request is received, a reject reply is returned by

attaching thereto reject time information.

According to the present invention, there is also provided a method for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at
5 least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from the target node, the method comprising: (a) an operation whereby, at the target node, a first parameter CE consisting of at least one bit, a second parameter SE
10 consisting of the same number of bits as the number of bits of the first parameter, a third parameter CC consisting of the number of bits determined by the number of the plurality of initiator nodes, and a fourth parameter SC consisting of the same number of bits as the
15 number of bits of the third parameter are all initialized to 0; (b) an operation whereby the initiator node sends a first request to the target node; (c) an operation whereby, when the first request is received at the target node, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if the target node is in
20 a state capable of providing service, the first request is accepted; (d) an operation whereby, when the first request is received at the target node, if $CE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ or if $CE = SE$ and the target node is in a state incapable of providing service, then the CE is
25 incremented, the CC is set to 1, and in response to the first request a reject reply is returned by attaching thereto the value of the CE; (e) an operation whereby, when the first request is received at the target node, if $CE \neq SE$, the CC is incremented and a reject reply is
30 returned by attaching thereto the value of the CE; (f) an operation whereby the initiator node that received the reject reply sends a retry request to the target node by attaching thereto a fifth parameter RE whose value is equal to the value of the CE attached to the reject
35 reply; (g) an operation whereby, when the retry request is received at the target node, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if the target node is in the state capable of providing

service, the retry request is accepted; (h) an operation whereby, when the retry request is received at the target node, if $RE = SE+1$ and $SC = 0$ and if the target node is in the state capable of providing service, then the SE is incremented, the SC is set to CC-1, and the retry request is accepted; (i) an operation whereby, when the retry request is received at the target node, if $RE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ and if the target node is in the state capable of providing service, then the SC is decremented and the retry request is accepted; and (j) an operation whereby, when the retry request is received at the target node, if any of execution conditions in the operations (g), (i), and (j) is not satisfied, a reject reply is returned by attaching thereto the value of the RE in response to the retry request.

According to the present invention, there is also provided an apparatus for implementing each of the above methods. According to the present invention, there is also provided a recording medium readable by the apparatus and storing thereon a program for implementing each of the above methods.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Further features and advantages of the present invention will be apparent from the following description with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figure 1 is a diagram showing one example of a computer network to which the present invention may be applied;

Figure 2 is a diagram showing one example of the hardware configuration of a target node carrying out the present invention;

Figure 3A is a diagram showing the format of a request packet transmitted from an initiator node to a target node, and Figure 3B is a diagram showing the format of a reply packet transmitted from the target node to the initiator node;

Figures 4A and 4B are a flowchart illustrating the

sequence of processing performed at the target node when a request is received;

Figure 5 is a flowchart illustrating the sequence of processing performed at the initiator node when a reply packet is received;

Figure 6 is a diagram showing various states of the target nodes and actions and state transitions occurring at the target nodes;

Figure 7 is a sequence chart showing one typical operational example, and

Figure 8 is a sequence chart showing another typical operational example.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Figure 1 is a diagram showing a computer network 10 to which the present invention may be applied. To the computer network 10 are connected a computer 12 as one target node which provides service and computers 14 as a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from the target node. The computer network 10 shown in Figure 1 has a ring topology, but the present invention can also be applied to a computer network of another topology such as a star topology or bus topology as long as the topology is such that at least one target node and a plurality of initiator nodes are connected to the network.

Figure 2 is a diagram showing one example of the hardware configuration of the target node 12 in Figure 1. As shown in the figure, the target node 12 consists essentially of a central processing unit (CPU) 20, a memory 22, and a network interface unit 24. The CPU 20 executes programs loaded into the memory 22 from various recording media.

The network interface unit 24 includes a register for storing a collect epoch (CE), a parameter consisting of at least one bit and used in the processing described later, and a register for storing a service epoch (SE), a parameter consisting of the same number of bits as that

of the CE. The network interface unit 24 further includes a counter CC corresponding to the CE and a counter SC corresponding to the SE. The number of bits of the counter CC is equal to that of the counter SC, and is determined according to the number of initiator nodes 14.

Figure 3A is a diagram showing the format of a request packet transmitted from an initiator node 14 to the target node 12; only those portions concerned with the present invention are shown here. The RETRY field consists of one bit; a bit value of 0 indicates that the request packet is related to a first request, while a bit value of 1 indicates that the packet is sent as a retry request which is issued after the previous request is rejected. The EPOCH field consists of the same number of bits as the number of bits of the collect epoch CE or the service epoch SE, and has meaning only when the value of the RETRY bit is 1. The meaning of each field will become apparent in the description given later.

Figure 3B is a diagram showing the format of a reply packet transmitted from the target node 12 to the initiator node 14; only those portions concerned with the present invention are shown here. The REJECT field consists of one bit. The target node 12 responds by setting the REJECT bit to 0 when accepting the request from the initiator node 14, and by setting the REJECT bit to 1 when rejecting the request. In Figure 3B also, the EPOCH field consists of the same number of bits as the number of bits of the collect epoch CE or the service epoch SE, and has meaning only when the value of the REJECT bit is 1. The meaning of each field will become apparent in the description given later.

Figures 4A and 4B are a flowchart illustrating the sequence of processing performed at the target node 12 when a request is received. At the target node 12, the collect epoch CE, the service epoch SE, the collect counter CC, and the service counter SC are all

initialized to 0 during system power up.

When a request is received from an initiator node 14, first it is determined in operation 102 whether the RETRY bit in the request packet (Figure 3A) is set to 1 or not. When RETRY = 1, that is, when the received request is a retry request, the process proceeds to operation 116; on the other hand, when RETRY = 0, that is, when the received request is the first request, the process proceeds to operation 104.

In operation 104, it is determined whether the value of the collect epoch is equal to the value of the service epoch; when CE = SE, the process proceeds to operation 108, but when CE \neq SE, the process proceeds to operation 106. In operation 108, it is determined whether the service counter indicates 0 and, at the same time, it is determined whether the requested service is available for delivery. The state of the service being available for delivery will be described as "room available". When the conditions in operation 108 are both satisfied, the process proceeds to operation 112 where the first request is accepted and the reply packet (Figure 3B) with the REJECT bit set to 0 is sent to the requesting initiator node 14.

On the other hand, if the conditions in operation 108 are not satisfied, the process proceeds to operation 110 where the collect epoch CE is incremented and the collect counter CC is set to 1. Next, in operation 114, the REJECT bit is set to 1, and the reply packet (Figure 3B) is sent to the requesting initiator node 14. At this time, the current value of the collect epoch CE is set in the EPOCH field of the reply packet.

In operation 106, which is carried out when it is determined that CE \neq SE in operation 104, the collect counter CC is incremented. Next, the processing in operation 114 described above is carried out.

Before proceeding to the description of the process

of Figure 4B, the process performed at the initiator node when the reply packet is received will be described with reference to the flowchart of Figure 5. When the reply from the target node 12 is received, first it is
5 determined in operation 202 whether the REJECT bit in the reply packet (Figure 3B) is set to 1 or not. When REJECT = 1, that is, when the previously sent request has been rejected, the process proceeds to operation 204; on the other hand, when REJECT = 0, that is, when the request is
10 accepted, nothing is done.

In operation 204, a prescribed time interval is allowed to pass. Then, in the next operation 206, the RETRY bit is set to 1 in order to transmit a retry request and the request packet (3A) thus set is sent to
15 the target node 12. At this time, the value of the EPOCH carried in the received reject reply packet is copied to the EPOCH field of the request packet.

Turning back to Figures 4A and 4B, in operation 116 which is carried out when it is determined that RETRY = 1 in operation 102, it is determined whether the condition "room available" is satisfied; if the result shows YES, the process proceeds to operation 118, but if the result shows NO, the process proceeds to operation 128.
20

In operation 118, it is determined whether the value of the collect epoch CE is equal to the value of the service epoch SE and, at the same time, the service counter SC indicates 0. If the result shows YES, that is, if CE = SE and SC = 0, the process proceeds to operation 130, but if the result shows NO, the process
25 proceeds to operation 120. In operation 130, the retry request is accepted and the reply packet (Figure 3B) with the REJECT bit now set to 0 is sent to the requesting initiator node 14.
30

In operation 120, the value carried in the EPOCH field of the request packet is taken as a request epoch RE, and it is determined whether the RE is equal to SE+1 and, at the same time, the service counter SC indicates
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0. If the result shows YES, that is, if $RE = SE+1$ and $SC = 0$, the process proceeds to operation 122, but if the result shows NO, the process proceeds to operation 124. In operation 122, the service epoch SE is incremented and
5 the service counter SC is set to CC-1, after which the process proceeds to operation 130. In operation 130, the retry request is accepted as described above.

In operation 124, it is determined whether $RE = SE$ and $SC > 0$; if the result shows YES, the process proceeds
10 to operation 126, but if the result shows NO, the process proceeds to operation 128. In operation 126, the service counter SC is decremented, and the process proceeds to operation 130. In operation 130, the retry request is accepted as described above.

On the other hand, in operation 128, the REJECT bit is set to 1 and the reply packet (Figure 3B) thus set is sent to the requesting initiator node 14. At this time, the value carried in the EPOCH field of the received request packet, that is, the value of the request epoch
15 RE, is set directly in the EPOCH field of the reply packet. The series of operations for processing the first request and the retry request is thus completed.

Now, referring to Figure 6, a description will be given of what state the target node 12 can take in
20 accordance with the algorithm of Figures 4A and 4B and what action and state transition occur in response to a request sent from the initiator node 14. In Figure 6, "A" indicates "room available" and "N" represents "room not available", while F designates a first request and R a retry request.

After initialization, $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$. This state will be referred to as the idle state. Here, if a first request or a retry request arrives when the target node is in the idle state and when the condition "room
35 available" holds, the target node accepts the request and stays in the idle state. In Figure 6, this action and state transition pattern is indicated by an arrow exiting

the circle of the idle state and represented by the description

A: F or R; ACCEPT

attached to the arrow.

5 If a retry request arrives when the target node is in the idle state and when the condition "room not available" holds, the target node returns a reject reply by attaching to it the same request epoch RE as attached to the retry request. This pattern is indicated by an
10 arrow exiting the circle of the idle state and represented by the description

N: R; REJECT(RE)

attached to the arrow. Actions and state transitions are likewise shown hereinafter.

15 Next, if a first request arrives when the target node is in the idle state and when the condition "room not available" holds, the target node increments the CE, sets the CC to 1, and returns a reject reply by attaching the current CE to it, while at the same time, making a
20 transition to a collect state. The collect state refers to the state in which $CE = SE+1$ and $SC = 0$.

 If a first request arrives in the collect state, regardless of the condition "room available" or "room not available", the target node increments the CC and returns
25 a reject reply by attaching the current CE to it. If a retry request arrives when the target node is in the collect state and when the condition "room not available" holds, the target node returns a reject reply by attaching to it the same request epoch RE as attached to
30 the retry request. When in the collect state and when the condition "room available" holds, if a retry request arrives whose RE value is not equal to the current CE, the target node returns a reject reply by attaching the same RE to it.

35 On the other hand, when in the collect state and when the condition "room available" holds, if a retry request arrives whose RE value is equal to the current

CE, the target node increments the SE, sets the SC to CC-1, accepts the retry request, and makes a transition to a service state. The service state refers to the state in which CE = SE and SC > 0. This action pattern is
5 indicated by an arrow exiting the collect state and represented by the description

A: $R(RE=CE)$; $SE \leftarrow SE+1$, $SC \leftarrow CC-1$, ACCEPT
attached to the arrow.

If a retry request arrives when the target node is
10 in the service state and when the condition "room not available" holds, the target node returns a reject reply by attaching to it the same RE as attached to the retry request. When in the service state and when the condition "room available" holds, if a retry request
15 arrives whose RE value is not equal to the current SE, the target node returns a reject reply by attaching the same RE to it.

On the other hand, when in the service state and when the condition "room available" holds, if a retry
20 request arrives whose RE value is equal to the current SE, the target node decrements the SC and accepts the retry request. Here, if SC = 0 as the result of decrementing the SC, a transition is made to the idle state.

If a first request arrives in the service state, regardless of the condition "room available" or "room not available", the target node increments the CE, sets the CC to 1, and returns a reject reply by attaching the
30 current CE to it, while at the same time, making a transition to a service & collect state. The service & collect state refers to the state in which CE = SE+1 and SC > 0. When in the service & collect state and when the condition "room available" holds, if a retry request
35 arrives whose RE value is not equal to the current SE, the target node returns a reject reply by attaching the same RE to it. If a retry request arrives when the condition "room not available" holds, the target node

returns a reject reply by attaching to it the same RE as attached to the retry request.

Further, in the service & collect state, if a first request arrives, regardless of the condition "room available" or "room not available", the target node
5 increments the CC and returns a reject reply by attaching the current CE to it. When the condition "room available" holds, if a retry request arrives whose RE value is equal to the current SE, the target node
10 decrements the SC and accepts the retry request. Here, if SC = 0 as the result of decrementing the SC, a transition is made to the collect state.

As can be seen from the above description, the CE always takes a value equal to that of the SE or advanced
15 by 1 relative to that of the SE. In the collect state or the service & collect state where the CE takes a value advanced by 1 relative to that of the SE, the first request is rejected and the number of rejected requests is counted as CC. In the service state or the service &
20 collect state where SC > 0, the SC whose initial value is equal to the CC representing the result of the counting is decremented each time a retry request whose RE value is equal to the SE is accepted. In the service & collect state, any first request is continually rejected by
25 attaching the current CE, until the SC becomes equal to 0. In this way, the target node preferentially processes previously rejected requests in sequence, and starvation is thus avoided. The epoch functions as a parameter defining reject time information.

Typical operational examples are shown in the
30 sequence charts of Figures 7 and 8 to facilitate understanding of the present invention. First, the example of Figure 7 will be described. When the collect epoch CE, the collect counter CC, the service epoch SE, and the service counter SC are all cleared to 0 by
35 initialization and the target node is in the idle state (CE = SE and SC = 0), packets F₁, F₂, and F₃, each

(5)

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service state; as a result, the CE is incremented to 2, the CC is set to 1, and the request is rejected by attaching CE=2. Then, the target node makes a transition to the service & collect state ($CE = SE+1$ and $SC > 0$).

5 In this service & collect state, a retry request whose RE value is equal to the current $SE=1$ is accepted and the SC is decremented, while on the other hand, any first request is rejected by attaching CE=2. When SC becomes equal to 0, the target node makes a transition to
10 the collect state ($CE = SE+1$ and $SC = 0$). The operation thereafter is self-explanatory. In this way, the target node makes transitions between the four states.

 According to the above explanation, the first request will not be accepted until after retry requests
15 for the previously rejected requests have all been accepted, that is, until after the SC becomes equal to 0. In this case, the epoch could do with one bit. However, depending on the system, there can occur situations where retry requests are not made for some reason. In such
20 situations, the process cannot proceed further since the SC does not become equal to 0.

 In view of this, it is effective to include a timeout process whereby the time elapsing until the SC becomes 0 is monitored and, when a predefined time
25 interval has elapsed, the SC is forcefully reset to 0 to allow the process to proceed further. When providing such a timeout process, it would be worthwhile to construct the epoch with multiple bits. The reason is that, if the epoch consists of multiple bits, when a
30 retry request arrives, the time that the previous request was rejected can be recognized and processing appropriate to the result can be performed.

 The invention may be embodied in other specific forms without departing from the spirit or essential
35 characteristics thereof. The present embodiment is therefore to be considered in all respects as illustrative and not restrictive, the scope of the

invention being indicated by the appended claims rather than by the foregoing description and all changes which come within the meaning and range of equivalency of the claims are therefore intended to be embraced therein.

What is claimed is:

1. A method for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service
5 and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said method comprising the operations of:

when a request is received from said initiator node during a period that said target node is
10 unable to provide service, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto reject time information that matches said period;

when said target node is in a state capable of providing service, preferentially accepting a
15 retry request carrying older reject time information; and

when said target node is in the state capable of providing service, returning a reject reply by
attaching thereto new reject time information in response
20 to any first request received before retry requests arising previously rejected requests are all accepted.

2. A method for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service
25 and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said method comprising the operations of:

(a) when a first request is received at said target node when said target node is in a state capable
of providing service, accepting said first request;

30 (b) when a first request is received at said target node after said target node has moved to a state incapable of providing service, returning a reject reply in response to said first request by attaching thereto reject time information consisting of at least one bit;

35 (c) when a retry request is received at said target node after said target node is restored to the state capable of providing service, accepting said retry

request depending on the reject time information attached to said retry request; and

(d) at said target node staying in the state capable of providing service, when a retry request is received, processing said retry request in the same manner as in said operation (c), while when a first request is received, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto reject time information.

3. A method for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said method comprising the operations of:

(a) at said target node, initializing to 0 all of a first parameter CE consisting of at least one bit, a second parameter SE consisting of the same number of bits as the number of bits of said first parameter, a third parameter CC consisting of the number of bits of determined by the number of said plurality of initiator nodes, and a fourth parameter SC consisting of the same number of bits as the number of bits of said third parameter;

(b) at said initiator node, sending a first request to said target node;

(c) when said first request is received at said target node, if CE = SE and SC = 0 and if said target node is in a state capable of providing service, accepting said first request;

(d) when said first request is received at said target node, if CE = SE and SC > 0 or if CE = SE and said target node is in a state incapable of providing service, incrementing said CE, setting said CC to 1, and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE in response to said first request;

(e) when said first request is received at said target node, if CE \neq SE, incrementing said CC and

returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE;

(f) at said initiator node that received said reject reply, sending a retry request to said target node
5 by attaching thereto a fifth parameter RE whose value is equal to the value of said CE attached to said reject reply;

(g) when said retry request is received at said target node, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said
10 target node is in the state capable of providing service, accepting said retry request;

(h) when said retry request is received at said target node, if $RE = SE+1$ and $SC = 0$ and if said
target node is in the state capable of providing service,
15 incrementing said SE, setting said SC to $CC-1$, and accepting said retry request;

(i) when said retry request is received at said target node, if $RE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ and if said
target node is in the state capable of providing service,
20 decrementing said SC and accepting said retry request; and

(j) when said retry request is received at said target node, if any of execution conditions in said
operations (g), (i), and (j) is not satisfied, returning
25 a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said RE in response to said retry request.

4. A method carried out at a target node for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node
30 which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said method comprising the operations of:

(a) initializing to 0 all of a first parameter CE consisting of at least one bit, a second parameter SE
35 consisting of the same number of bits as the number of bits of said first parameter, a third parameter CC consisting of the number of bits of determined by the

(b) when a first request is received, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in a state capable of providing service, accepting said first request;

(c) when a first request is received, if $CE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ or if $CE = SE$ and said target node is in a state incapable of providing service, incrementing said CE , setting said CC to 1, and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE in response to said first request;

(d) when a first request is received, if $CE \neq SE$, incrementing said CC and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE ;

(e) when a retry request is received, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, accepting said retry request;

(f) when a retry request is received, if $RE = SE+1$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, incrementing said SE , setting said SC to $CC-1$, and accepting said retry request;

(g) when a retry request is received, if $RE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, decrementing said SC and accepting said retry request; and

(h) when a retry request is received, if any of execution conditions in said operations (e), (f), and (g) is not satisfied, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said RE in response to said retry request.

5. A method carried out at an initiator node for avoiding starvation at said initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node

which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said method comprising the operations of:

- (a) sending a first request to said target node; and
- (b) when a reject reply is received in response to said first request, sending a retry request by attaching thereto a parameter whose value is equal to the value of a parameter of reject time information attached to said reject reply.

6. An apparatus for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said apparatus comprising:

means for, when a request is received from said initiator node during a period that said target node is unable to provide service, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto reject time information that matches said period;

means for, when said target node is in a state capable of providing service, preferentially accepting a retry request carrying older reject time information; and

means for, when said target node is in the state capable of providing service, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto new reject time information in response to any first request received before retry requests arising previously rejected requests are all accepted.

7. An apparatus for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said apparatus comprising:

first means for, when a first request is received at said target node when said target node is in

a state capable of providing service, accepting said first request;

second means for, when a first request is received at said target node after said target node has moved to a state incapable of providing service, returning a reject reply in response to said first request by attaching thereto reject time information consisting of at least one bit;

third means for, when a retry request is received at said target node after said target node is restored to the state capable of providing service, accepting said retry request depending on the reject time information attached to said retry request; and

fourth means for, at said target node staying in the state capable of providing service, when a retry request is received, processing said retry request in the same manner as processed by said third means, while when a first request is received, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto reject time information.

8. An apparatus for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said apparatus comprising:

first means for, at said target node, initializing to 0 all of a first parameter CE consisting of at least one bit, a second parameter SE consisting of the same number of bits as the number of bits of said first parameter, a third parameter CC consisting of the number of bits of determined by the number of said plurality of initiator nodes, and a fourth parameter SC consisting of the same number of bits as the number of bits of said third parameter;

second means for, at said initiator node, sending a first request to said target node; third means for, when said first request is received at said target

fourth means for, when said first request
5 is received at said target node, if $CE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ or
if $CE = SE$ and said target node is in a state incapable
of providing service, incrementing said CE , setting said
 CC to 1, and returning a reject reply by attaching
thereto the value of said CE in response to said first
10 request;

15 sixth means for, at said initiator node
that received said reject reply, sending a retry request
to said target node by attaching thereto a fifth
parameter RE whose value is equal to the value of said CE
attached to said reject reply;

25 eighth means for, when said retry request is received at said target node, if $RE = SE+1$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, incrementing said SE, setting said SC to CC-1, and accepting said retry request;

tenth means for, when said retry request
35 is received at said target node, if any of operation
conditions in said seventh, eighth, and ninth means is
not satisfied, returning a reject reply by attaching

thereto the value of said RE in response to said retry request.

9. An apparatus provided at a target node for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said apparatus comprising:

first means for initializing to 0 all of a first parameter CE consisting of at least one bit, a second parameter SE consisting of the same number of bits as the number of bits of said first parameter, a third parameter CC consisting of the number of bits of determined by the number of said plurality of initiator nodes, and a fourth parameter SC consisting of the same number of bits as the number of bits of said third parameter;

second means for, when a first request is received, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in a state capable of providing service, accepting said first request;

third means for, when a first request is received, if $CE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ or if $CE = SE$ and said target node is in a state incapable of providing service, incrementing said CE, setting said CC to 1, and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE in response to said first request;

fourth means for, when a first request is received, if $CE \neq SE$, incrementing said CC and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE;

fifth means for, when a retry request is received, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, accepting said retry request;

sixth means for, when a retry request is received, if $RE = SE + 1$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service,

incrementing said SE, setting said SC to CC-1, and accepting said retry request;

seventh means for, when a retry request is received, if $RE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, decrementing said SC and accepting said retry request; and

eighth means for, when a retry request is received, if any of operation conditions in said fifth, sixth, and seventh means is not satisfied, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said RE in response to said retry request.

10. An apparatus provided at an initiator node for avoiding starvation at said initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said apparatus comprising:

means for sending a first request to said target node; and

means for, when a reject reply is received in response to said first request, sending a retry request by attaching thereto a parameter whose value is equal to the value of a parameter of reject time information attached to said reject reply.

11. A recording medium readable by an apparatus for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said recording medium having stored thereon a program for implementing:

a facility for, when a request is received from said initiator node during a period that said target node is unable to provide service, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto reject time information that matches said period;

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a facility for, when said target node is in a state capable of providing service, preferentially accepting a retry request carrying older reject time information; and

5 a facility for, when said target node is in the state capable of providing service, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto new reject time information in response to any first request received before retry requests arising previously rejected
10 requests are all accepted.

12. A recording medium readable by an apparatus for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes
15 which request service from said target node, said recording medium having stored thereon a program for implementing:

a first facility for, when a first request is received at said target node when said target node is
20 in a state capable of providing service, accepting said first request;

a second facility for, when a first request is received at said target node after said target node has moved to a state incapable of providing service,
25 returning a reject reply in response to said first request by attaching thereto reject time information consisting of at least one bit;

a third facility for, when a retry request is received at said target node after said target node is
30 restored to the state capable of providing service, accepting said retry request depending on the reject time information attached to said retry request; and

a fourth facility for, at said target node staying in the state capable of providing service, when a
35 retry request is received, processing said retry request in the same manner as processed by said third facility, while when a first request is received, returning a

reject reply by attaching thereto reject time information.

13. A recording medium readable by an apparatus for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said recording medium having stored thereon a program for implementing:

10 a first facility for, at said target node, initializing to 0 all of a first parameter CE consisting of at least one bit, a second parameter SE consisting of the same number of bits as the number of bits of said first parameter, a third parameter CC consisting of the number of bits of determined by the number of said plurality of initiator nodes, and a fourth parameter SC consisting of the same number of bits as the number of bits of said third parameter;

15 a second facility for, at said initiator node, sending a first request to said target node;

20 a third facility for, when said first request is received at said target node, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in a state capable of providing service, accepting said first request;

25 a fourth facility for, when said first request is received at said target node, if $CE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ or if $CE = SE$ and said target node is in a state incapable of providing service, incrementing said CE, setting said CC to 1, and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE in response to said first request;

30 a fifth facility for, when said first request is received at said target node, if $CE \neq SE$, incrementing said CC and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE;

35 a sixth facility for, at said initiator node that received said reject reply, sending a retry

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request to said target node by attaching thereto a fifth parameter RE whose value is equal to the value of said CE attached to said reject reply;

5 a seventh facility for, when said retry request is received at said target node, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, accepting said retry request;

10 an eighth facility for, when said retry request is received at said target node, if $RE = SE+1$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, incrementing said SE, setting said SC to $CC-1$, and accepting said retry request;

15 a ninth facility for, when said retry request is received at said target node, if $RE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, decrementing said SC and accepting said retry request; and

20 a tenth facility for, when said retry request is received at said target node, if any of operation conditions in said seventh, eighth, and ninth facilities is not satisfied, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said RE in response to said retry request.

25 14. A recording medium readable by a target node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said recording medium having stored thereon a starvation avoiding program for implementing:

30 a first facility for initializing to 0 all of a first parameter CE consisting of at least one bit, a second parameter SE consisting of the same number of bits as the number of bits of said first parameter, a third parameter CC consisting of the number of bits of
35 determined by the number of said plurality of initiator nodes, and a fourth parameter SC consisting of the same number of bits as the number of bits of said third

parameter;

a second facility for, when a first request is received, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in a state capable of providing service, accepting said first request;

a third facility for, when a first request is received, if $CE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ or if $CE = SE$ and said target node is in a state incapable of providing service, incrementing said CE , setting said CC to 1, and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE in response to said first request;

a fourth facility for, when a first request is received, if $CE \neq SE$, incrementing said CC and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE ;

a fifth facility for, when a retry request is received, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, accepting said retry request;

a sixth facility for, when a retry request is received, if $RE = SE+1$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, incrementing said SE , setting said SC to $CC-1$, and accepting said retry request;

a seventh facility for, when a retry request is received, if $RE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, decrementing said SC and accepting said retry request; and

an eighth facility for, when a retry request is received, if any of operation conditions in said fifth, sixth, and seventh facilities is not satisfied, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said RE in response to said retry request.

15. A recording medium readable by an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a

plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said recording medium having stored thereon a starvation avoiding program for implementing:

5 a facility for sending a first request to said target node; and

 a facility for, when a reject reply is received in response to said first request, sending a retry request by attaching thereto a parameter whose value is equal to the value of a parameter of reject time
10 information attached to said reject reply.

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR AVOIDING
STARVATION IN COMPUTER NETWORK

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ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

10 A method and apparatus for avoiding starvation at an
initiator node in a computer network to which are
connected at least one target node which provides service
and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service
from the target node. The method includes: when a
request is received from the initiator node during a
15 period that the target node is unable to provide service,
returning a reject reply by attaching thereto reject time
information that matches the period; when the target node
is in a state capable of providing service,
preferentially accepting a retry request carrying older
20 reject time information; and when the target node is in
the state capable of providing service, returning a
reject reply by attaching thereto new reject time
information in response to any first request received
before retry requests arising from previously rejected
25 requests are all accepted.

Fig. 1

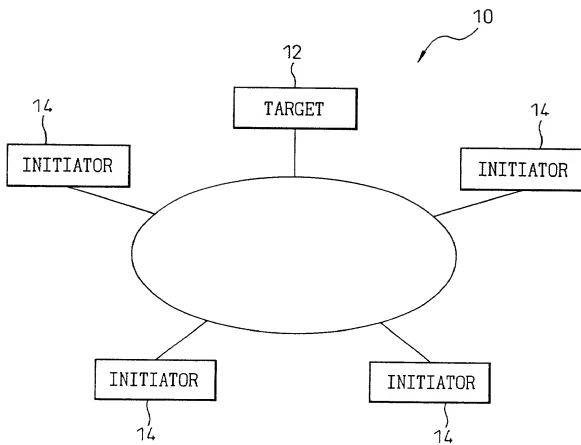


Fig.2

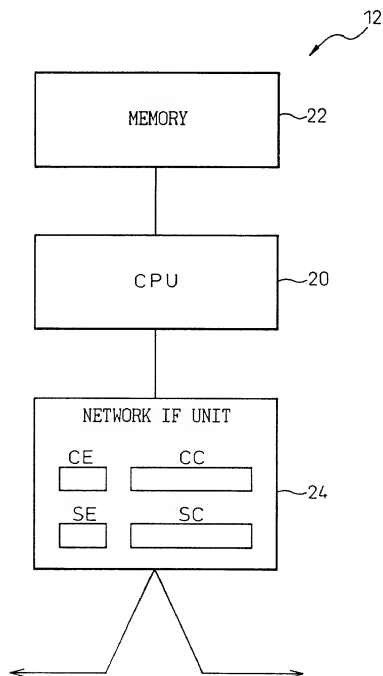


Fig.3A

REQUEST PACKET

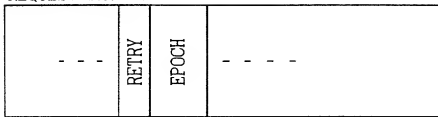


Fig.3B

REPLY PACKET

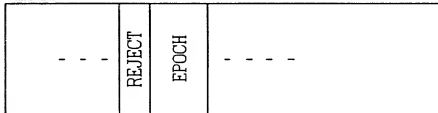


Fig.4A

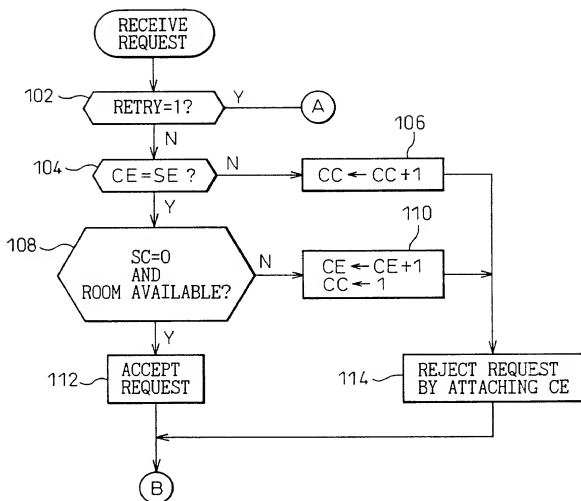


Fig.4B

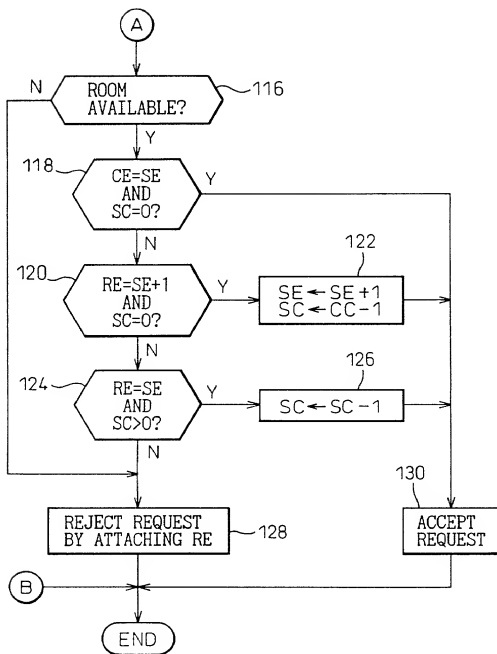


Fig.5

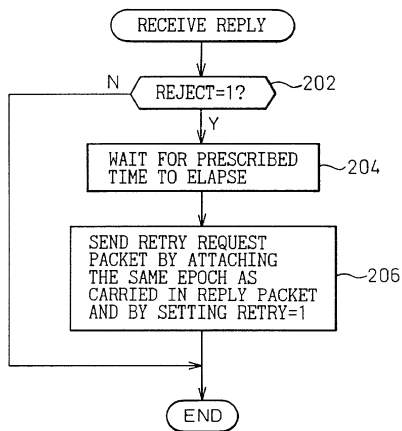


Fig.6

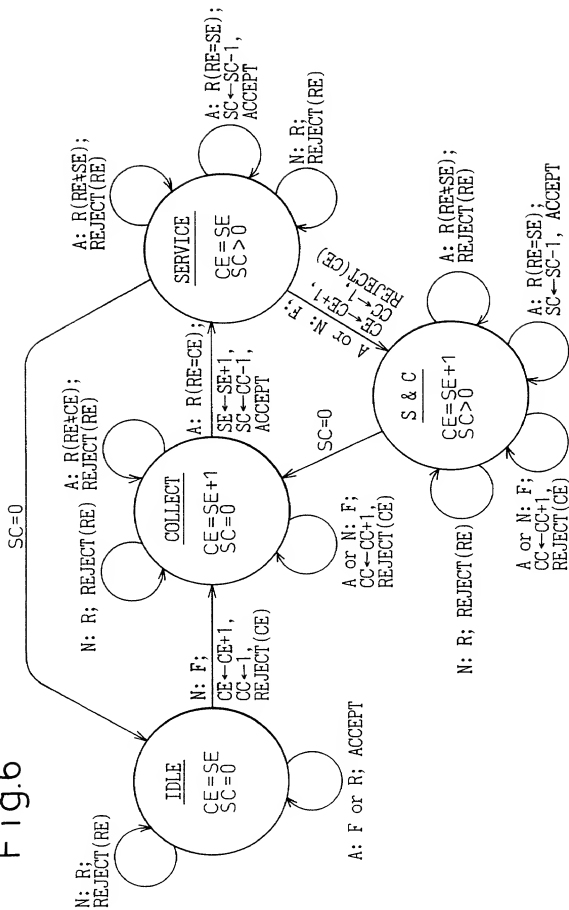


Fig.7

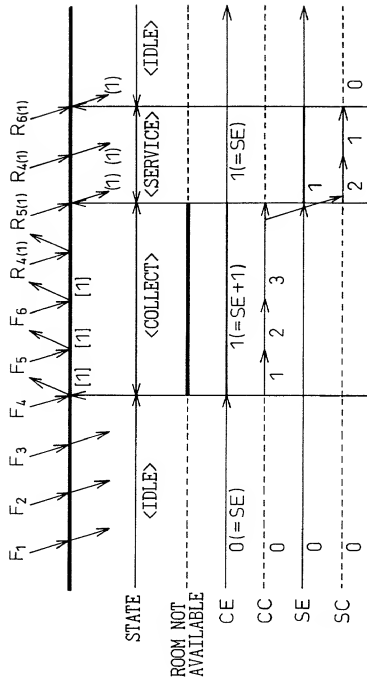
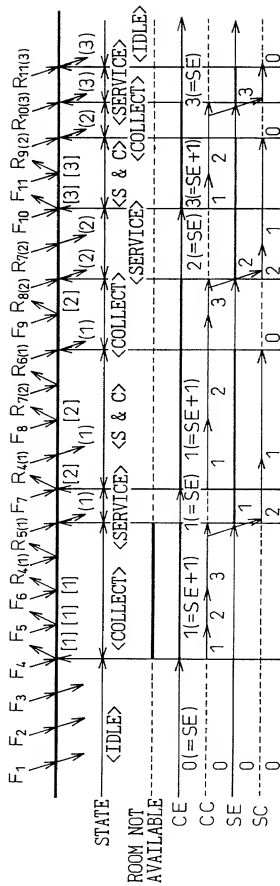


Fig.8



0010/PTO Rev. 6/95 DECLARATION FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN PATENT APPLICATION <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Declaration Submitted with Initial Filing OR <input type="checkbox"/> Declaration Submitted after Initial Filing	U.S. Department of Commerce Patent and Trademark Office	Attorney Docket Number	4443
		First Named Inventor	
	COMPLETE IF KNOWN		
		Application Number	
		Filing Date	
		Group Art Unit	
		Examiner Name	

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

**EPOCH FOR STARVATION AVOIDANCE
 METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR AVOIDING STARVATION IN COMPUTER NETWORK**

the specification of which (Title of the Invention)

☒ is attached hereto

OR

☐ was filed on (MM/DD/YYYY) [] as United States Application Number or PCT International Application Number [] and was amended on (MM/DD/YYYY) [] (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment specifically referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37 Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code § 119 (a)-(d) or § 385(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or § 365 (a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States of America, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or of any PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application Number(s)	Country	Foreign Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	Priority Not Claimed	Certified Copy Attached? YES NO
			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

☐ Additional foreign application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority sheet attached hereto:

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

Application Number(s)	Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	<input type="checkbox"/> Additional provisional application numbers are listed on a supplemental sheet attached hereto.

0053154-033100

DECLARATION				Page 2	
I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code § 120 of any United States application(s), or § 365(c) of any PCT international application designating the United States of America, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT international application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.					
U.S. Parent Application Number	PCT Parent Number	Parent Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	Parent Patent Number (if applicable)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Additional U.S. or PCT international application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority sheet attached hereto.					
As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:					
Name Albert C. Smith		Registration Number 20,355	Name Rajiv P. Patel		Registration Number 39,327
<input type="checkbox"/> Additional attorney(s) and/or agent(s) named on a supplemental sheet attached hereto.					
Please direct all correspondence to:					
Rajiv P. Patel Fenwick & West LLP Two Palo Alto Square Palo Alto, CA 94306 U.S.A.					
Telephone		(650) 585-7607		Fax	(650) 494-1417
I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.					
Name of Sole or First Inventor:		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor			
Given Name	Hirohide	Middle Initial	Family Name	Sugahara	Suffix e.g. Jr.
Inventor's Signature	<i>Hirohide Sugahara</i>			Date	August 17, 2000 <i>4/14/00 HJS</i>
Residence: City	Kawasaki	State	Country	Japan	Citizenship Japan
Mailing Address	c/o FUJITSU LIMITED, 1-1, Kamikodanaka 4-chome, Nakahara-ku,				
Mailing Address					
City	Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa	State	Zip	211-8588	Country Japan
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Additional inventors are being named on supplemental sheet(s) attached hereto					

DECLARATION				ADDITIONAL INVENTOR(S) Supplemental Sheet			
Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any:				<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor			
Given Name	Takashi	Middle Initial		Family Name	Miyoshi	Suffix e.g. Jr.	
Inventor's Signature	<i>Miyoshi</i>				Date	August 17, 2000	
Residence: City	Campbell	State	CA	Country	U.S.A.	Citizenship	Japan
Mailing Address	c/o HAL Computer Systems, Inc., 1315 Dell Avenue,						
Mailing Address							
City	Campbell	State	CA	Zip	95008	Country	U.S.A.

Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any:				<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor			
Given Name	Takashi	Middle Initial		Family Name	Horie	Suffix e.g. Jr.	
Inventor's Signature	<i>Takashi Horie</i>				Date	August 17, 2000	
Residence: City	Campbell	State	CA	Country	U.S.A.	Citizenship	Japan
Mailing Address	c/o HAL Computer Systems, Inc., 1315 Dell Avenue,						
Mailing Address							
City	Campbell	State	CA	Zip	95008	Country	U.S.A.

Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any:				<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor			
Given Name	Jeffrey	Middle Initial	D.	Family Name	Larson	Suffix e.g. Jr.	
Inventor's Signature	<i>Jeffrey D. Larson</i>				Date	August 17, 2000	
Residence: City	Campbell	State	CA	Country	U.S.A.	Citizenship	USA
Mailing Address	c/o HAL Computer Systems, Inc., 1315 Dell Avenue,						
Mailing Address							
City	Campbell	State	CA	Zip	95008	Country	U.S.A.

Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any:				<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor			
Given Name		Middle Initial		Family Name		Suffix e.g. Jr.	
Inventor's Signature					Date		
Residence: City		State		Country		Citizenship	
Mailing Address							
Mailing Address							
City		State		Zip		Country	
<input type="checkbox"/> Additional inventors are being named on supplemental sheet(s) attached hereto							

00653154-083100